What To Do If You Think a Person Is Having Suicidal Thoughts

You cannot predict death by suicide, but you can identify people who are at increased risk for suicidal behavior, take precautions, and refer them for effective treatment.

- Ask the person directly if he or she
 (1) is having suicidal thoughts/ideas, (2)
 has a plan to do so, and (3) has access to lethal means:
 - "Are you thinking about killing yourself?"
 - "Have you ever tried to hurt yourself before?"
 - "Do you think you might try to hurt yourself today?"
 - "Have you thought of ways that you might hurt yourself?"
 - "Do you have pills/weapons in the house?"
 - ➤ This won't increase the person's suicidal thoughts. It will give you information that indicates how strongly the person has thought about killing him- or herself.

- ➤ Take seriously all suicide threats and all suicide attempts. A past history of suicide attempts is one of the strongest risk factors for death by suicide.
- There is no evidence that "nosuicide contracts" prevent suicide. In fact, they may give counselors a false sense of reassurance.
- **Listen and look** for red flags for suicidal behavior, indicated by the mnemonic:

IS PATH WARM?

Ideation—Threatened or communicated

Substance abuse—Excessive or increased

Purposeless—No reasons for living
Anxiety—Agitation/Insomnia
Trapped—Feeling there is no way out
Hopelessness

Withdrawing—From friends, family, society
Anger (uncontrolled)—Rage, seeking revenge
Recklessness—Risky acts, unthinking
Mood changes (dramatic)

· Act.

- If you think the person might harm him- or herself, do not leave the person alone.
- Say, "I'm going to get you some help."
- Call the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline, I-800-273-TALK. You will be connected to the nearest available crisis center. Or...
- Go to SAMHSA's Mental Health
 Services Locator (www.mentalhealth.
 samhsa.gov/databases/) or Substance
 Abuse Treatment Facility Locator
 (http://dasis3.samhsa.gov).

Assessing Suicide Risk: Initial Tips for Counselors



